

Low Duty LCD Segment Driver for Automotive Application

BU91795MUF-M MAX 48 Segments (SEG12×COM4)

General Description

BU91795MUF-M is a 1/4 duty general-purpose LCD driver that can be used for automotive applications and can drive up to 48 LCD Segments.

It can support operating temperature of up to +105°C and qualified for AEC-Q100 Grade2, as required for automotive applications.

Wettable flank QFN package is suitable for small footprint applications and provides significant advantages in inspectability and solder joint reliability.

Features

- AEC-Q100 Qualified ^(Note)
- Integrated RAM for Display Data (DDRAM): 12 x 4 bit (Max 48 Segment)
- LCD Drive Output:
- 4 Common Output, Max 12 Segment Output
- Integrated Buffer AMP for LCD Driving
- Integrated Oscillator Circuit
- No External Components
- Low Power Consumption Design (Note) Grade 2

Applications

- Instrument Clusters
- Climate Controls
- Car Audios / Radios
- Metering
- White Goods
- Healthcare Products
- Battery Operated Applications

etc.

Typical Application Circuit

C > 0.1µF VDD COM0 VLCD COM1 COM2 СОМЗ SDA Controller Segment SCL LCD SEG0 SEG1 OSCIN TEST1 Insert Capacitors TEST2 between VDD and VSS VSS SEG11

Internal Clock Mode

Figure 1. Typical Application Circuit

OProduct structure: Silicon monolithic integrated circuit OThis product has no designed protection against radioactive rays.

Key Specifications

- Supply Voltage Range: +2.5V to +6.0V
- Operating Temperature Range: -40°C to +105°C
- Max Segments:
- Display Duty:

Interface:

■ Bias:

1/3 2wire Serial Interface

48Segments

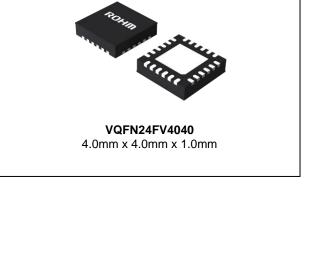
1/4

Special Characteristics

- ESD(HBM): ±2000V Latch-up current: ±100mA

Package

W (Typ) x D (Typ) x H (Max)



Block Diagram

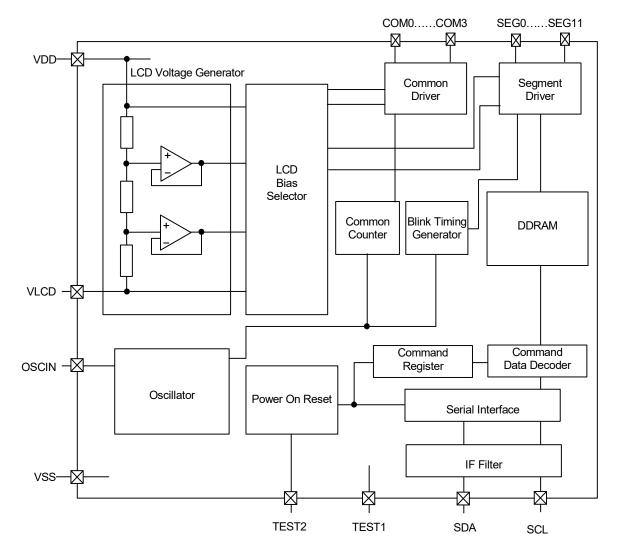


Figure 2. Block Diagram

Pin Configuration (TOP VIEW)

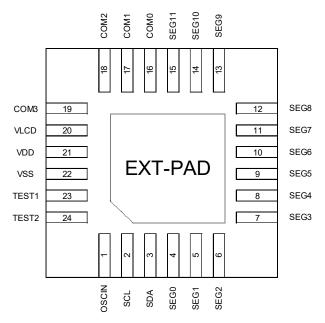


Figure 3. Pin Configuration (TOP VIEW)

Pin Description

			Table 1. Pin Description	
Pin Name	Pin No.	I/O	Function	Handling when unused
TEST1	23	I	Test input (ROHM use only) Must be connected to VSS	VSS
TEST2	24	I	POR enable setting VDD: POR disenable ^(Note1) VSS: POR enable	VSS
OSCIN	1	I	External clock input External clock and Internal clock can be selected by command Must be connected to VSS when using internal oscillator	VSS
SDA	3	I/O	Serial data in-out terminal	-
SCL	2	I	Serial clock terminal	-
VSS	22	-	Ground	-
VDD	21	-	Power supply	-
VLCD	20	-	Power supply for LCD driving	-
SEG0 to SEG11	4 to 15	0	SEGMENT output for LCD driving	OPEN
COM0 to COM3	16 to 19	0	COMMON output for LCD driving	OPEN
EXT-PAD	(Note2)	-	Substrate	OPEN / VSS

(Note1) This function is guaranteed by design, not tested in production process. Software Reset is necessary to initialize IC in case of TEST2=VDD. (Note2) To radiate heat, Contact a board with the EXT-PAD which is located at the bottom side of VQFN24FV4040 package. Supply VSS level or Open state as the input condition for this PAD.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (VSS=0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit	Remarks
Maximum Voltage1	VDD	-0.5 to +7.0	V	Power Supply
Maximum Voltage2	VLCD	-0.5 to VDD	V	LCD Drive Voltage
Power Dissipation	Pd	0.27 ^(Note1)	W	
Input Voltage Range	V _{IN}	-0.5 to VDD+0.5	V	
Operational Temperature Range	Topr	-40 to +105	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-55 to +125	°C	

(Note1) Delete by 2.7mW/°C when operating above Ta=25°C (when mounted in ROHM's standard board).

Caution: Operating the IC over the absolute maximum ratings may damage the IC. The damage can either be a short circuit between pins or an open circuit between pins and the internal circuitry. Therefore, it is important to consider circuit protection measures, such as adding a fuse, in case the IC is operated over the absolute maximum ratings.

Recommended Operating Conditions (Ta=-40°C to +105°C, VSS=0V)

Peremeter	Symbol		Ratings		Unit	Remarks
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remarks
Power Supply Voltage1	VDD	2.5	-	6.0	V	Power Supply
Power Supply Voltage2	VLCD	0	-	VDD-2.4	V	LCD Drive Voltage, VDD-VLCD \ge 2.4V

Electrical Characteristics

DC Characteristics (VDD=2.5V to 6.0V, VLCD=0V, VSS=0V, Ta=-40°C to +105°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol		Limits		Unit	Conditions		
Falameter		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions		
"H" Level Input Voltag	ge	VIH	0.7VDD	-	VDD	V	SDA,SCL,OSCIN		
"L" Level Input Voltag	le	VIL	VSS	-	0.3VDD	V	SDA,SCL,OSCIN		
"H" Level Input Curre	nt	Ін	-	-	1	μA	SDA,SCL,OSCIN ^(Note2) ,TEST2		
"L" Level Input Curre	nt	IIL	-1	-	-	μA	SDA,SCL,OSCIN,TEST2		
SDA "L" Level Output	t Voltage	Vol_sda	0	-	0.4	V	lload = 3mA		
LCD Driver On	SEG	Ron	-	3	-	kΩ	lload=±10µA		
Resistance	COM	Ron	-	3	-	kΩ	lioau=±τομΑ		
VLCD Supply Voltage	;	VLCD	0	-	VDD-2.4	V	VDD-VLCD≥2.4V		
Standby Current		I _{DD1}	-	-	5	μA	Display off, Oscillation off		
Power Consumption		Idd2	-	12.5	30	μA	VDD=3.3V, VLCD=0V, Ta=25°C Power save mode1, FR=71Hz 1/3 bias, Frame inverse		

(Note2) For external clock mode only.

Electrical Characteristics – continued

Oscillation Characteristics (VDD=2.5V to 6.0V, VLCD=0V, VSS=0V, Ta=-40°C to +105°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol		Limits		Unit	Conditions
Falameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions
Frame Frequency1	f _{CLK1}	56	80	112	Hz	FR = 80Hz setting, VDD=2.5V to 6.0V, Ta=-40°C to +105°C
Frame Frequency2	fclk2	70	80	90	Hz	FR = 80Hz setting, VDD=3.3V, Ta=25°C
Frame Frequency3	f _{CLK3}	77.5	87.5	97.5	Hz	FR = 80Hz setting, VDD=5.0V, Ta=25°C
Frame Frequency4	f _{CLK4}	67.5	87.5	108	Hz	FR = 80Hz setting, VDD=5.0V, Ta=-40°C to +105°C
External Clock Rise Time	tr	-	-	0.3	μs	
External Clock Fall Time	tf	-	-	0.3	μs	External clock mode (OSCIN) ^(Note)
External Frequency	f exclk	15	-	300	KHz	External clock mode (OSCIN) (100)
External Clock Duty	t DTY	30	50	70	%	

(Note) <Frame frequency calculation at external clock mode>

DISCTL 80HZ setting: Frame frequency [Hz] = external clock [Hz] / 512

DISCTL 71HZ setting: Frame frequency [Hz] = external clock [Hz] / 576

DISCTL 64HZ setting: Frame frequency [Hz] = external clock [Hz] / 648

DISCTL 53HZ setting: Frame frequency [Hz] = external clock [Hz] / 768

[Reference Data]

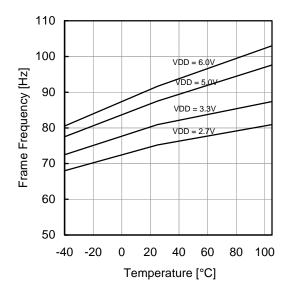


Figure 4. Frame Frequency Typical Temperature Characteristics

Electrical Characteristics - continued

MPU interface Characteristics (VDD=2.5V to 6.0V, VLCD=0V, VSS=0V, Ta=-40°C to +105°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol		Limits		Unit	Conditions
Falameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Conditions
Input Rise Time	tr	-	-	0.3	μs	
Input Fall Time	tf	-	-	0.3	μs	
SCL Cycle Time	tscyc	2.5	-	-	μs	
"H" SCL Pulse Width	t _{SHW}	0.6	-	-	μs	
"L" SCL Pulse Width	tslw	1.3	-	-	μs	
SDA Setup Time	tsds	100	-	-	ns	
SDA Hold Time	tsdн	100	-	-	ns	
Buss Free Time	t _{BUF}	1.3	-	-	μs	
START Condition Hold Time	thd;sta	0.6	-	-	μs	
START Condition Setup Time	tsu;sta	0.6	-	-	μs	
STOP Condition Setup Time	tsu;sто	0.6	-	-	μs	

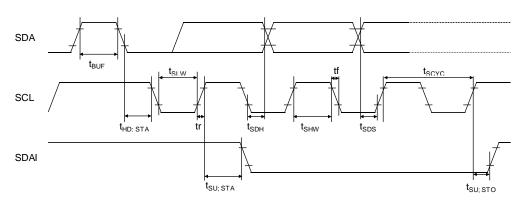
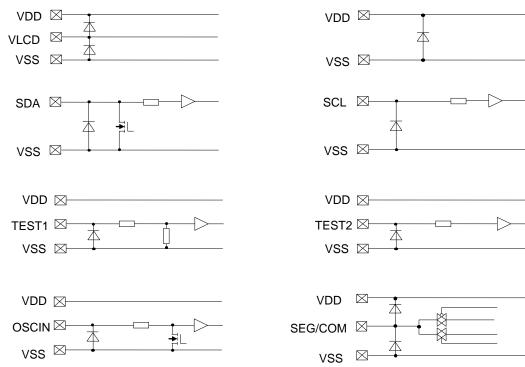
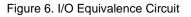


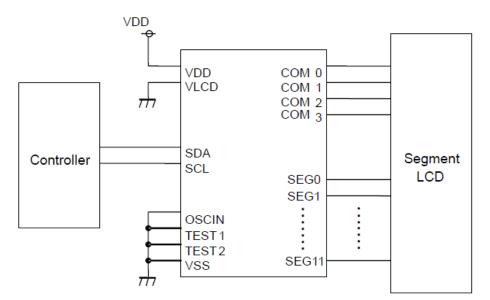
Figure 5. Interface Timing

I/O Equivalence Circuit

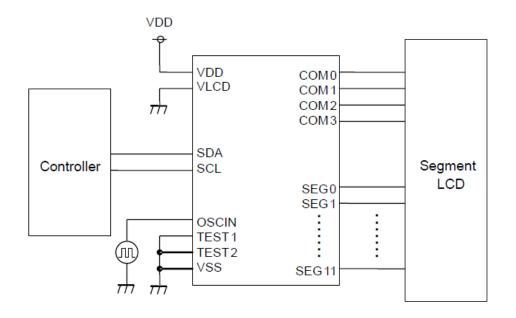




Application Example



Internal Clock Mode



External Clock Mode

Figure 7. Example of Application Circuit

Functional Descriptions

Command / Data Transfer Method

BU91795MUF-M is controlled by 2wire signal (SDA, SCL).

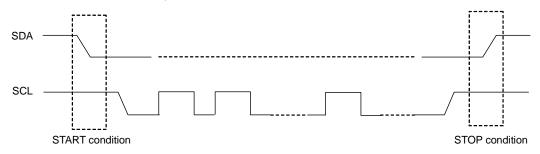


Figure 8. 2 wire Command / Data Transfer Format

It is necessary to generate START and STOP condition when sending command or display data through this 2 wire serial interface.

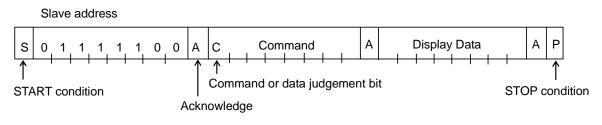


Figure 9. Interface Protcol

Slave address = "01111100" : Write Mode

The following procedure shows how to transfer command and display data.

- (1) Generate "START condition".
- (2) Issue Slave address.
- (3) Transfer command and display data.
- (4) Generate "STOP condition"

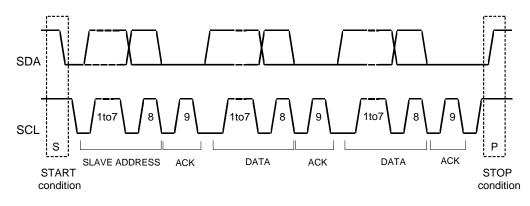
Acknowledge (ACK)

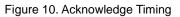
Data format is comprised of 8 bits, Acknowledge bit is returned after sending 8-bit data.

After the transfer of 8-bit data (Slave Address, Command, Display Data), release the SDA line at the falling edge of the 8th clock. The SDA line is then pulled "Low" until the falling edge of the 9th clock SCL.

(Output cannot be pulled "High" because of open drain NMOS).

If acknowledge function is not required, keep SDA line at "Low" level from 8th falling edge to 9th falling edge of SCL.





Command Transfer Method

Issue Slave Address ("01111100") after generating "START condition".

The 1st byte after Slave Address always becomes command input.

MSB ("command or data judge bit") of command decide to next data is Command or Display Data.

When set "command or data judge bit"='1', next byte will be command.

When set "command or data judge bit"='0', next byte data is display data.

S Slave Address A 1 Command A 1 Command A 1 Command A 1 Command A 0 Command A Display Data	s s	Slave Address	А	1	Command	A	1	Command	А	1	Command	А	0	Command	A	Display Data		Р
--	-----	---------------	---	---	---------	---	---	---------	---	---	---------	---	---	---------	---	--------------	--	---

It cannot accept input command once it enters into Display Data transfer state.

In order to input command again it is necessary to generate "START condition".

If "START condition" or "STOP condition" is sent in the middle of command transmission, command will be cancelled.

If Slave Address is continuously sent following "START condition", it remains in command input state.

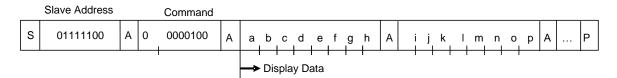
"Slave Address" must be sent right after the "START condition".

When Slave Address cannot be recognized in the first data transmission, no Acknowledge bit is generated and next transmission will be invalid. When data is invalid status, if "START condition" is transmitted again, it will return to valid status.

Consider the MPU interface characteristic such as Input rise time and Setup/Hold time when transferring command and data (Refer to MPU Interface).

Write Display and Transfer Method

BU91795MUF-M has Display Data RAM (DDRAM) of 12×4=48bit. The relationship between data input and Display Data, DDRAM data and address are as follows;



8-bit data is stored in DDRAM. ADSET command specifies the address to be written, and address is automatically incremented in every 4-bit data.

Data can be continuously written in DDRAM by transmitting data continuously.

When RAM data is written successively, after writing RAM data to 13h, the address is returned to 00h by the auto-increment function DDRAM address

								adurco	5					
		00h		03h	04h	05h	06h	07h		0Fh	10h		13h	_
	0	-	-	-	а	е	i	m			-	-	-	COM0
D 1 T	1	-	-	-	b	f	j	n			-	-	-	COM1
BIT	2	-	-	-	С	g	k	0			-	-	-	COM2
	3	-	-	-	d	h	I	р			-	-	-	СОМЗ
		-	-	-	SEG0	SEG1	SEG2	SEG3		SEG11	-	-	-	_

Display Data is written to DDRAM every 4-bit data. No need to wait for ACK bit to complete data transfer. 00h to 03h and 10h to 13h of DDRAM address are not used.

Oscillator

The clock signals for logic and analog circuit can be generated from internal oscillator or external clock. If internal oscillator circuit is used, OSCIN must be connected to VSS level.

When using external clock mode, input external clock from OSCIN terminal after ICSET command setting.

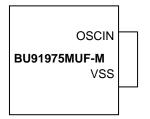


Figure 11. Internal Clock Mode

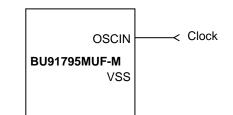


Figure 12. External Clock Mode

LCD Driver Bias Circuit

BU91795MUF-M generates LCD driving voltage with on-chip Buffer AMP. And it can drive LCD at low power consumption. Line or frame inversion can be set by DISCTL command. Refer to the "LCD driving waveform" for each LCD bias setting.

Blink Timing Generator

 $\begin{array}{l} \mathsf{BU91795}\mathsf{MUF}\text{-}\mathsf{M} \text{ has Blink function.} \\ \mathsf{Blink mode is asserted by } \mathsf{BLKCTL command.} \\ \mathsf{The Blink frequency varies depending on } \mathsf{f}_{\mathsf{CLK}} \text{ characteristics at internal clock mode.} \\ \mathsf{Refer to Oscillation Characteristics for } \mathsf{f}_{\mathsf{CLK}}. \end{array}$

Reset Initialize Condition

Initial condition after executing Software Reset is as follows. -Display is off. -DDRAM address is initialized (DDRAM Data is not initialized).

Refer to Command Description for initial value of registers.

Command / Function List

Description List of Command / Function

No.	Command	Function
1	Set IC Operation (ICSET)	Software Reset, internal/external clock setting
2	Display Control (DISCTL)	Frame frequency, power save mode setting
3	Address Set (ADSET)	DDRAM address setting (04h to 0Fh)
4	Mode Set (MODESET)	Display on/off setting
5	Blink Control (BLKCTL)	Blink off/0.5/1.0/2.0Hz blink setting
6	All Pixel Control (APCTL)	All pixels on/off during DISPON

Detailed Command Description

D7 (MSB) is a command or data judgment bit. Refer to Command and data transfer method.

- C: 0: Next byte is RAM write data.
 - 1: Next byte is command.

Set IC Operation (ICSET)

D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 C 1 1 0 1 * P1 P0	MSB							LSB
C 1 1 0 1 * P1 P0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
	С	1	1	0	1	*	P1	P0

(* : Don't care)

Set software reset execution.

Setup	P1
No operation	0
Software Reset Execute	1

When "Software Reset" is executed, BU91795MUF-M is reset to initial condition.

(Refer to Reset initialize condition)

Don't set Software Reset (P1) with P0 at the same time.

Set oscillator mode

Setup	P0	Reset initialize condition
Internal clock	0	0
External clock	1	-

Internal clock mode: OSCIN must be connected to VSS level.

External clock mode: Input external clock from OSCIN terminal.

<Frame frequency Calculation at external clock mode>

DISCTL 80Hz setting: Frame frequency [Hz] = external clock [Hz] / 512 DISCTL 71Hz setting: Frame frequency [Hz] = external clock [Hz] / 576 DISCTL 64Hz setting: Frame frequency [Hz] = external clock [Hz] / 648 DISCTL 53Hz setting: Frame frequency [Hz] = external clock [Hz] / 768

Command			
-	X	ICSET X	
OSCIN_EN	Internal clock mode	External clock mode	
(Internal signal)			
Internal oscillation			
(Internal signal)			
External clock			Π
(OSCIN)			



Display Control (DISCTL)

MSB D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	LSB D0
С	0	1	P4	P3	P2	P1	P0

Set Power save mode FR.

Setup	P4	P3	Reset initialize condition
Normal mode (80Hz)	0	0	0
Power save mode 1 (71Hz)	0	1	-
Power save mode 2 (64Hz)	1	0	-
Power save mode 3 (53Hz)	1	1	-

Power consumption is reduced in the following order:

Normal mode > Power save mode1 > Power save mode 2 > Power save mode 3.

Set LCD drive waveform.

Setup	P2	Reset initialize condition
Line inversion	0	0
Frame inversion	1	_

Power consumption is reduced in the following order:

Line inversion > Frame inversion

Typically, when driving large capacitance LCD, Line inversion will increase the influence of crosstalk. Regarding driving waveform, refer to LCD driving waveform.

Set Power save mode SR.

Setup	P1	P0	Reset initialize condition
Power save mode 1	0	0	-
Power save mode 2	0	1	-
Normal mode	1	0	0
High power mode	1	1	-

Power consumption is increased in the following order:

Power save mode 1 < Power save mode 2 < Normal mode < High power mode Use VDD- VLCD \ge 3.0V in High power mode condition.

(Reference current consumption data)

Setup	Current consumption
Power save mode 1	×0.5
Power save mode 2	×0.67
Normal mode	×1.0
High power mode	×1.8

The data above is for reference only. Actual consumption depends on Panel load.

Address Set (ADSET)

MSB							LSB
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
С	0	0	0	P3	P2	P1	P0

The range of address can be set from 0100 to 1111(bin).

Don't set out of range address, otherwise address will be set 00000.

Mode Set (MODESET)

MSB	5.0	5.5	5.4	B .0	B a	5.4	LSB
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
С	1	0	*	P3	0	*	*

(*: Don't care)

Setup	P3	Reset initialize condition
Display off (DISPOFF)	0	0
Display on (DISPON)	1	-

Regardless of DDRAM data, all SEGMENT and COMMON output will be stopped after 1 frame Display off : of OFF data write. Display off mode will be disabled after Display on(DISPON) command. Display on : SEGMENT and COMMON output will be active and start to read the Display Data from DDRAM.

Blink Control (BLKCTL)

MSB							LSB
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
С	1	1	1	0	*	P1	P0

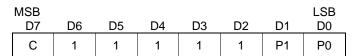
(*: Don't care)

Set blink mode.

Blink mode (Hz)	P1	P0	Reset initialize condition
OFF	0	0	0
0.5	0	1	-
1.0	1	0	-
2.0	1	1	-

The Blink frequency varies depending on f_{CLK} characteristics at internal clock mode. Refer to Oscillation Characteristics for fCLK.

All Pixel Control (APCTL)



All display set on, off

Setup	P1	Reset initialize condition
Normal	0	0
All pixel on (APON)	1	-

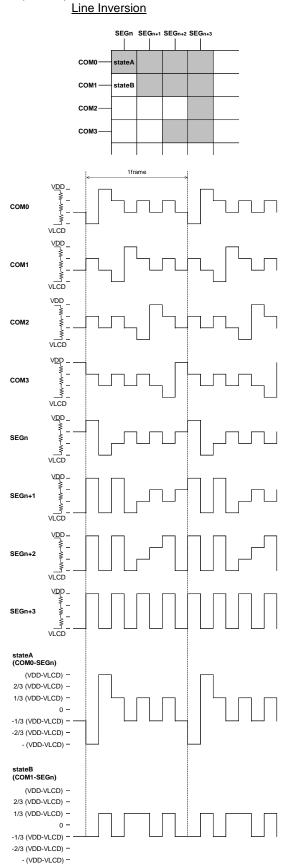
Setup	P0	Reset initialize condition
Normal	0	0
All pixel off (APOFF)	1	-

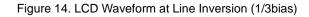
All pixels on: All pixels are on regardless of DDRAM data. All pixels off: All pixels are off regardless of DDRAM data.

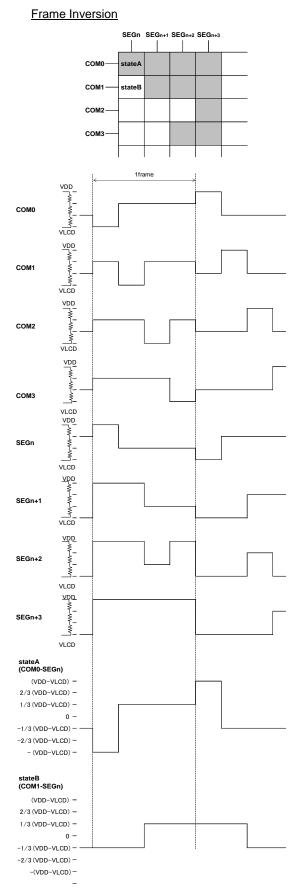
This command is valid in Display on status. The data of DDRAM is not changed by this command. If set both P1 and P0 ="1", APOFF will be selected.

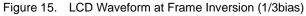
LCD Driving Waveform

(1/3bias)









Example of Display Data

If LCD layout pattern is like Figure 16 and Figure 17, and display pattern is like Figure 18, Display Data will be shown as below.

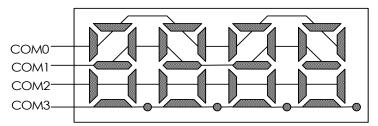


Figure 16. Example COM Line Pattern

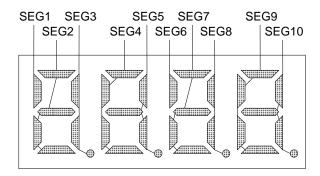


Figure 17. Example SEG Line Pattern

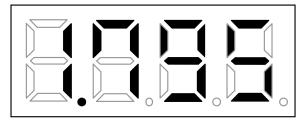


Figure 18. Example Display Pattern

<DDRAM data mapping in Figure 18 display pattern>

		S E G 0	S E G 1	S E G 2	S E G 3	S E G 4	S E G 5	S E G 6	S E G 7	S E G 8	S E G 9	S E G 10	S E G 11
COM0	D0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0
COM1	D1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
COM2	D2	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0
COM3	D3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
Address		04h	05h	06h	07h	08h	09h	0Ah	0Bh	0Ch	0Dh	0Eh	0Fh

Initialize Sequence

Follow the Power-on sequence below to initialize condition.

Power on \downarrow STOP condition \downarrow START condition \downarrow Issue Slave Address \downarrow Execute Software Reset by sending ICSET command.

After Power-on and before sending initialize sequence, each register value, DDRAM address and DDRAM Data are random.

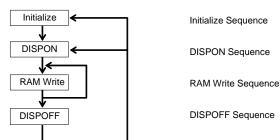
Start Sequence

Start Sequence Example1

No.	Input	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Descriptions	
1	Power on									VDD=0V→5V (Tr: Min 1ms to Max 500ms)	
	\downarrow										
2	Wait min100µs									Initialize BU91795MUF-M	
	\downarrow										
3	STOP									STOP condition	
	\downarrow										
4	START									START condition	
	\downarrow										
5	Slave Address	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	Issue Slave Address	
	\downarrow										
6	ICSET	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	Execute Software Reset	
	Ţ										
7	BLKCTL	1	1	1	1	0	*	0	0	Blink off	
8	DISCTL	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	80Hz, Frame inv., Power save mode1	
_			-		-	-		-	-		
9	ICSET	1	1	1	0	1	*	0	1	External clock input	
-			-	-		-		-			
10	ADSET	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	DDRAM address set	
	↓ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-									
11	 Display Data	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	Address 04h to 05h	
	Display Data	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	Address 06h to 07h	
	:									:	
	Display Data	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	Address 0Eh to 0Fh	
12	STOP									STOP condition	
12											
13	START									START condition	
15											
14	 Slave Address	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	Issue Slave Address	
14		0		1		I		0	U	ISSUE DIAVE AUDIESS	
15	↓ MODESET	1	1	0	*	1	0	*	*	Display on	
10		1		U		I	U			Display on	
16	 STOP									STOD condition	
16	SIOP				<u> </u>		<u> </u>			STOP condition	

(*: Don't care)

Start Sequence Example2



BU91795MUF-M is initialized with Start Sequence, starts to display with "DISPON Sequence", updates Display Data with "RAM Write Sequence" and stops the display with "DISPOFF Sequence". Execute "DISPON Sequence" in order to restart display.

Initialize Sequence

Innut				DA	ΤA				Description
Input	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Description
Power on									
Wait 100us									
STOP									
START									
Slave Address	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	
ICSET	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	Execute Software Reset
MODESET	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Display off
ADSET	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	RAM address set
Display Data	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	Display Data
STOP									

DISPON Sequence

Input				DA	ΛTΑ				Description	
mput	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Description	
START										
Slave Address	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0		
ICSET	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	Execute internal OSC mode	
DISCTL	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	Set Display Control	
BLKCTL	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	Set BLKCTL	
APCTL	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	Set APCTL	
MODESET	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	Display on	
STOP										

RAM Write Sequence

	-									
Input				DA	ΔTA				Description	
mput	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0		
START										
Slave Address	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0		
ICSET	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	Execute internal OSC mode	
DISCTL	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	Set Display Control	
BLKCTL	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	Set BLKCTL	
APCTL	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	Set APCTL	
MODESET	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	Display on	
ADSET	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	RAM address set	
Display Data	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	Display Data	
STOP										

DISPOFF Sequence

loout				DA	TΑ				Description	
Input	D7	D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0		Description						
START										
Slave Address	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0		
ICSET	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	Execute internal OSC mode	
MODESET	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Display off	
STOP										

Abnormal operation may occur in BU91795MUF-M due to the effect of noise or other external factor. To avoid this phenomenon, it is highly recommended to input command according to sequence described above during initialization, display on/off and refresh of RAM data.

Cautions in Power ON/OFF

To prevent incorrect display, malfunction and abnormal current, follow Power On/Off sequence shown in waveform below.

VDD must be turned on before VLCD during power up sequence. VDD must be turned off after VLCD during power down sequence.

Set VDD-2.4 \geq VLCD, t1>0ns and t2>0ns.

To refrain from data transmission is strongly recommended while power supply is rising up or falling down to prevent from the occurrence of disturbances on transmission and reception.

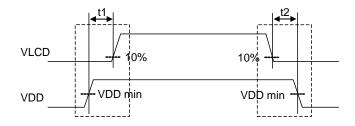
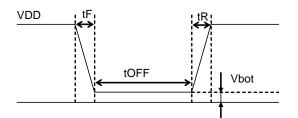


Figure 19. Power ON/OFF Waveform

Caution in P.O.R Circuit Use

BU91795MUF-M has "P.O.R" (Power-On Reset) circuit and Software Reset function. Keep the following recommended Power-On conditions in order to power up properly.

Set power up conditions to meet the recommended t_R , t_F , t_{OFF} , and V_{BOT} specification below in order to ensure P.O.R operation. Set pin TEST2="L" to enable POR circuit.



Recommended condition	of tR, tF, tOFF,	VBOT ((Ta=25°C)	

t _R ^(Note)	tr ^(Note)	$t_{OFF}^{(Note)}$	$V_{\text{BOT}}^{(\text{Note})}$	
1ms	1ms	Min 20ms	Less than	
to 500ms	to 500ms	10111 201115	0.1V	

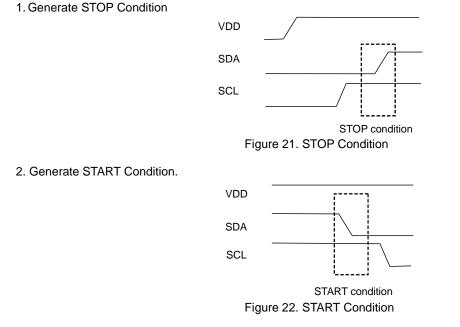
(Note) This function is guaranteed by design, not tested in production process.

Figure 20. Power ON/OFF Waveform

When it is difficult to keep above conditions, it is possibility to cause meaningless display due to no IC initialization. Please execute the IC initialization as quickly as possible after Power-On to reduce such an affect. See the IC initialization flow as below.

Setting TEST2="H" disables the POR circuit, in such case, execute the following sequence. Note however that it cannot accept command while supply is unstable or below the minimum supply range.

Note also that software reset is not a complete alternative to POR function.



3. Issue Slave Address

4. Execute Software Reset (ICSET) Command

Software Reset

Software Reset is command input using I2C interface.

Software Reset cannot be executed if I2C interface is malfunctioning, such as when SDA is stuck low. For what to do if SDA is stuck low, "Note in case that the SDA is stuck at LOW".

Display Off Operation in External Clock Mode

After receiving MODESET(Display off), BU91795MUF-M enters to DISPOFF sequence synchronized with frame then Segment and Common ports output VSS level after 1frame of off data write.

Therefore, in external clock mode, it is necessary to input the external clock based on each frame frequency setting after sending MODESET(Display off).

For the required number of clock, refer to Power save mode FR of DISCTL.

Please input the external clock as below.

DISCTL 80HZ setting(Frame frequency [Hz] = external clock [Hz] / 512), it needs over 1024clk DISCTL 71HZ setting(Frame frequency [Hz] = external clock [Hz] / 576), it needs over 1152clk DISCTL 64HZ setting(Frame frequency [Hz] = external clock [Hz] / 648), it needs over 1296clk DISCTL 53HZ setting(Frame frequency [Hz] = external clock [Hz] / 768), it needs over 1536clk

Please refer to the timing chart below.

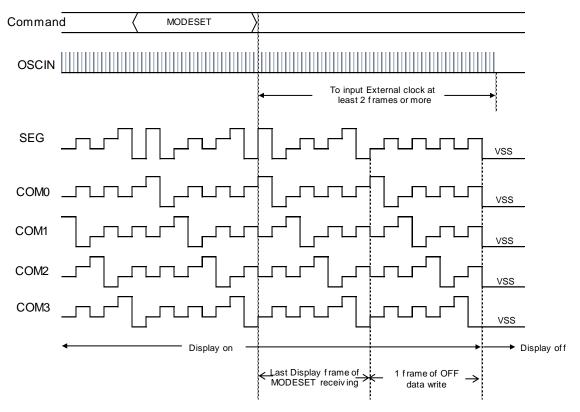


Figure 23. External Clock Stop Timing

Note on the Multiple Devices be Connected to 2 Wire Interface

Do not access the other device without power supply (VDD) to the BU91795MUF-M.

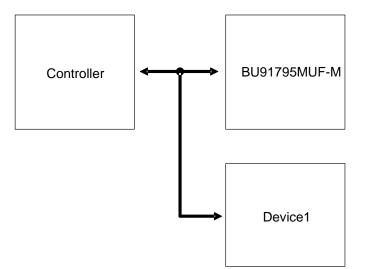


Figure 24. Example of BUS connection

To control the slope of the falling edge, a capacitor is connected between gate and drain of a NMOS transistor (Refer to Figure 25).

The gate is in a high-impedance state when the power supply (VDD) is not supplied.

In this condition, the gate voltage is pulled up by the current flow through the capacitance as a result of the SDA signal's transition from LOW to HIGH.

The NMOS transistor turns on and draws some current (Ids) from the SDA port if the gate voltage (Vg) is higher than the threshold voltage (Vth).

An external resistor (R) is connected between the power line and SDA line to keep the SDA line as logic HIGH. But the line cannot be kept as logic HGH if the voltage drop (R*Ids) is large.

Apply power supply(VDD) to BU91795MUF-M when the multiple devices are on the same bus.

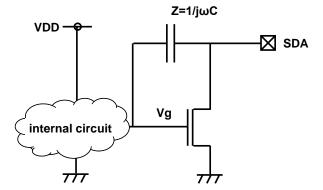


Figure 25. SDA output cell structure

Note in case that the SDA is stuck at LOW

Normally, BU91795MUF-M SDA status is controlled by MCU, so it set SDA to VSS level only in ACK timing and in output "0" case. If the data line (SDA) is stuck at LOW by BU91795MUF-M unexpectedly, MCU should send one dummy byte with START and STOP Conditions as shown in Figure26(Set SDA level High). BU91795MUF-M will release from SDA stuck condition by this sequence

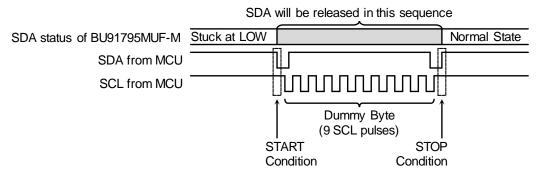


Figure 26. Recovery Sequence from SDA Stuck

Operational Notes

1. Reverse Connection of Power Supply

Connecting the power supply in reverse polarity can damage the IC. Take precautions against reverse polarity when connecting the power supply, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply pins.

2. Power Supply Lines

Design the PCB layout pattern to provide low impedance supply lines. Separate the ground and supply lines of the digital and analog blocks to prevent noise in the ground and supply lines of the digital block from affecting the analog block. Furthermore, connect a capacitor to ground at all power supply pins. Consider the effect of temperature and aging on the capacitance value when using electrolytic capacitors.

3. Ground Voltage

Ensure that no pins are at a voltage below that of the ground pin at any time, even during transient condition.

4. Ground Wiring Pattern

When using both small-signal and large-current ground traces, the two ground traces should be routed separately but connected to a single ground at the reference point of the application board to avoid fluctuations in the small-signal ground caused by large currents. Also ensure that the ground traces of external components do not cause variations on the ground voltage. The ground lines must be as short and thick as possible to reduce line impedance.

5. Thermal Consideration

Should by any chance the power dissipation rating be exceeded the rise in temperature of the chip may result in deterioration of the properties of the chip. The absolute maximum rating of the Pd stated in this specification is when the IC is mounted on a 70mm x 1.6mm glass epoxy board. In case of exceeding this absolute maximum rating, increase the board size and copper area to prevent exceeding the Pd rating.

6. Recommended Operating Conditions

These conditions represent a range within which the expected characteristics of the IC can be approximately obtained. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

7. Inrush Current

When power is first supplied to the IC, it is possible that the internal logic may be unstable and inrush current may flow instantaneously due to the internal powering sequence and delays, especially if the IC has more than one power supply. Therefore, give special consideration to power coupling capacitance, power wiring, width of ground wiring, and routing of connections.

8. Operation Under Strong Electromagnetic Field

Operating the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field may cause the IC to malfunction.

9. Testing on Application Boards

When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor directly to a low-impedance output pin may subject the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors completely after each process or step. The IC's power supply should always be turned off completely before connecting or removing it from the test setup during the inspection process. To prevent damage from static discharge, ground the IC during assembly and use similar precautions during transport and storage.

10. Inter-pin Short and Mounting Errors

Ensure that the direction and position are correct when mounting the IC on the PCB. Incorrect mounting may result in damaging the IC. Avoid nearby pins being shorted to each other especially to ground, power supply and output pin. Inter-pin shorts could be due to many reasons such as metal particles, water droplets (in very humid environment) and unintentional solder bridge deposited in between pins during assembly to name a few.

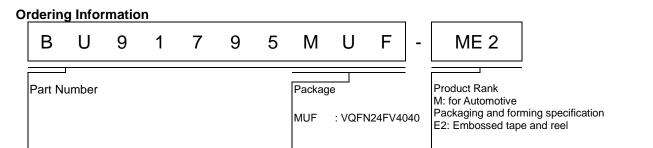
Operational Notes – continued

11. Unused Input Pins

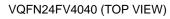
Input pins of an IC are often connected to the gate of a MOS transistor. The gate has extremely high impedance and extremely low capacitance. If left unconnected, the electric field from the outside can easily charge it. The small charge acquired in this way is enough to produce a significant effect on the conduction through the transistor and cause unexpected operation of the IC. So unless otherwise specified, unused input pins should be connected to the power supply or ground line.

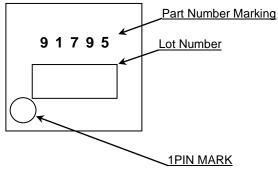
12. Regarding the Input Pin of the IC

In the construction of this IC, P-N junctions are inevitably formed creating parasitic diodes or transistors. The operation of these parasitic elements can result in mutual interference among circuits, operational faults, or physical damage. Therefore, conditions which cause these parasitic elements to operate, such as applying a voltage to an input pin lower than the ground voltage should be avoided. Furthermore, do not apply a voltage to the input pins when no power supply voltage is applied to the IC. Even if the power supply voltage is applied, make sure that the input pins have voltages within the values specified in the electrical characteristics of this IC.



Marking Diagram





Physical Dimension, Tape and Reel Information VQFN24FV4040 Package Name 4. 0 ± 0.1 $0 \pm 0.$ 1 4. Q 1 PIN MARK 0 MAX nnnr -03003 1 22) $0\ 2\ ^{+0.}_{-0.}$ <u>.</u> □0. 08S 0. 0. 2. 4 ± 0.1 C0. 2 $\overline{0}$ 24D 4 ± 0 . С 7 4 ± 0.1 C 3 C o. $1 \ 9$ ጠ 13 1.80.75 $0. \ 2 \ 5 \ {}^{+0. \ 0 \ 5}_{-0. \ 0 \ 4}$ 0.5 (UNIT:mm) PKG:VQFN24FV4040 Drawing No. EX394-5001 NOTE: Dimensions in () for reference only. < Tape and Reel Information > Таре Embossed carrier tape Quantity 2500pcs Direction of feed E2 The direction is the pin 1 of product is at the upper left when you hold reel on the left hand and you pull out the tape on the right hand 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 C 1234 1234 1234 234 232 232 Direction of feed Pin 1 Reel

*Order quantity needs to be multiple of the minimum quantity.

Revision History

Date	Revision	Changes
08.Mar. 2017	001	New Release
29.Nov. 2024	002	Page 19 Added Software Reset. Page 22 Added caution for when SDA is stuck in the low state.

Notice

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 If you intend to use our Products in devices requiring extremely high reliability (such as medical equipment (Note 1), aircraft/spacecraft, nuclear power controllers, etc.) and whose malfunction or failure may cause loss of human life, bodily injury or serious damage to property ("Specific Applications"), please consult with the ROHM sales representative in advance. Unless otherwise agreed in writing by ROHM in advance, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any ROHM's Products for Specific Applications.

JAPAN	USA	EU	CHINA
CLASSII	CLASSI	CLASS II b	CLASSⅢ
CLASSⅣ		CLASSII	

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[a] Installation of protection circuits or other protective devices to improve system safety

[b] Installation of redundant circuits to reduce the impact of single or multiple circuit failure

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 - [b] Use of our Products outdoors or in places where the Products are exposed to direct sunlight or dust
 - [c] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, and NO₂
 - [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
 - [e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
 - [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
 - [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (Exclude cases where no-clean type fluxes is used. However, recommend sufficiently about the residue.); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
 - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
- 4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.
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- 6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse, is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 7. De-rate Power Dissipation depending on ambient temperature. When used in sealed area, confirm that it is the use in the range that does not exceed the maximum junction temperature.
- 8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
- 9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

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- 2. In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used on a surface-mount products, the flow soldering method must be used on a through hole mount products. If the flow soldering method is preferred on a surface-mount products, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

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 - [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
 - [c] the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
 - [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
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