

Switching Regulator Series

Usage of SPICE Macromodel (for DC/DC)

This application note explains how to install SPICE macromodels (hereafter “SPICE models”) and how the circuit symbols are configured.

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1. Typical application circuit

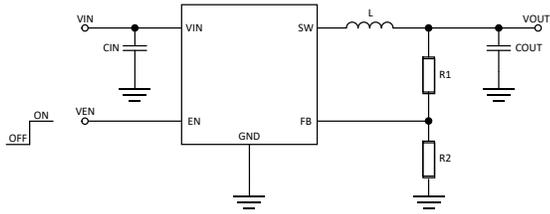


Figure 1. Basic circuit diagram of adjustable output type DC/DC

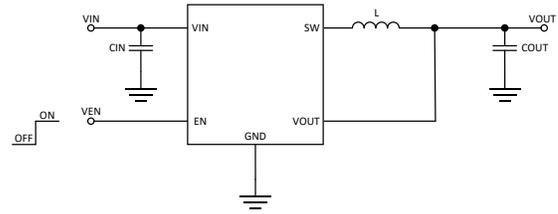


Figure 2. Basic circuit diagram of fixed output type DC/DC

Pin name	Function
SW	Switch Pin
FB	Output voltage setting pin
VOUT	Output voltage detection pin
GND	Ground pin
EN	Enable pin
VIN	Input pin

2. What is a SPICE model for IC

When you use various types of SPICE simulators, the simulation time tends to increase with the number of elements (nodes) inside the IC. Naturally, a shorter simulation time is preferable for users. Therefore, it is necessary for a circuit to be simplified so that the number of nodes is reduced. A SPICE model is a simplified circuit described by a programming language (Figure 3).

However, since a single SPICE model may not be able to reproduce all the functions and operations of the actual equipment, multiple SPICE models are used to complement each other in such a case. Accordingly, it is necessary to use the

SPICE models that are suitable for each application.

Examples shown below are the functions that are simplified when a circuit is converted into an equivalent circuit.

- Temperature characteristics
- Operations of parasitic elements
- Specific operations
- Characteristics of the terminal protection diodes
- Terminal impedance

Since other functions are also simplified, please contact us before you evaluate the characteristics that are not listed in the modeling reports attached to the SPICE models.

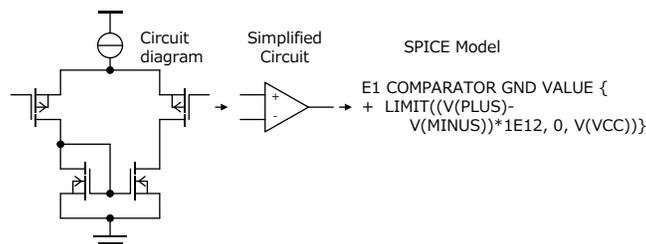


Figure 3. Steps for creating a SPICE model

3. How to access SPICE models

3.1 How to download SPICE models from ROHM's website

Open ROHM's home page (Figure 4).

URL

<https://www.rohm.com>



Figure 4. ROHM's home page

Next, click [Technical Support] -> [Design Support] -> [Design Simulation Models] in this order (Figure 5).



Figure 5. How to access SPICE models from the ROHM's website

The next window is displayed (Figure 6).

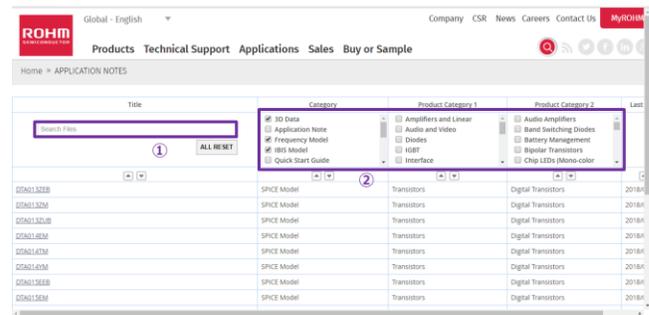


Figure 6. Page for the design simulation models

There are two ways to obtain the SPICE models on this page.

1. Enter the product name under [Title] to search.
2. Check the applicable check boxes in [Category], [Product Category 1], and [Product Category 2]. Select the product name from the displayed list.

3.2 How to download SPICE models from PSpice Community

Open the special page for ROHM in PSpice Community.

URL

<http://www.pspice.com/models/rohm>

1. Select [Power Management] from the menu on the left of the page.
2. Then, click [Switching Regulators] to display the list of the registered models.
3. Agree to the license and download the models.

4. Preparation for simulations

4.1 Registration of SPICE models

4.1.1 When using PSpice

This section introduces an example when PSpice (Ver. 17.2) is used.

In the menu bar, click [File] -> [New] -> [Project] in this order (Figure 7).

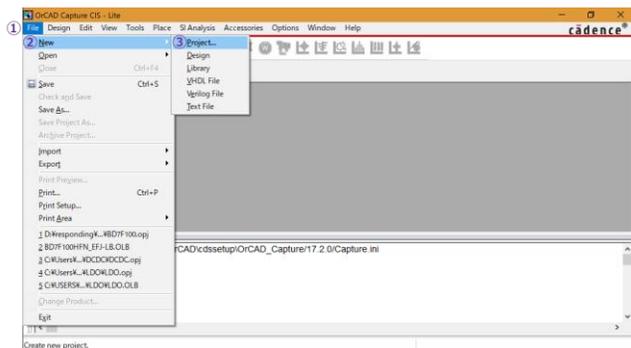


Figure 7. Creating a project

Check [PSpice Analog or Mixed A/D] in the displayed dialog box, enter a filename and a location to save the project, and press the [OK] button. In this example, "DCDC" is entered as the filename and the DCDC folder on the desktop is selected as the location to save the project. In the save folder, the SPICE models are saved as files with the extension .lib, and their symbols are saved as files with the extension .olb (Figure 8).

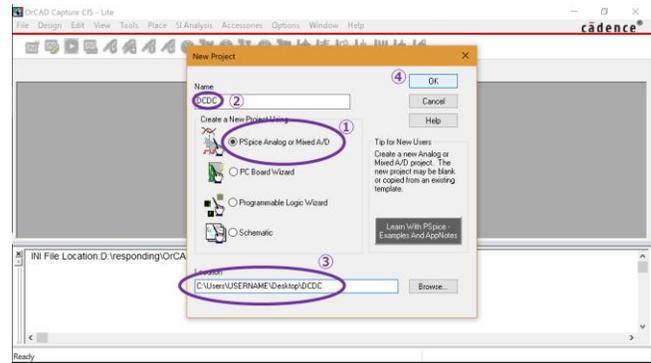


Figure 8. Selecting a project type

In the dialog box displayed next, check [Create a blank project] and press the [OK] button (Figure 9).

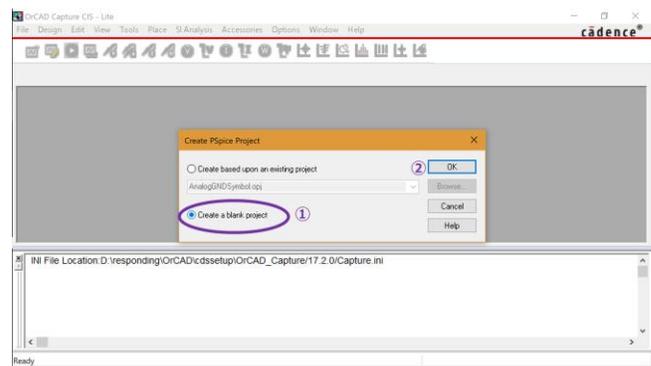


Figure 9. Creating a new project

A new project is created without any circuit entry (Figure 10).

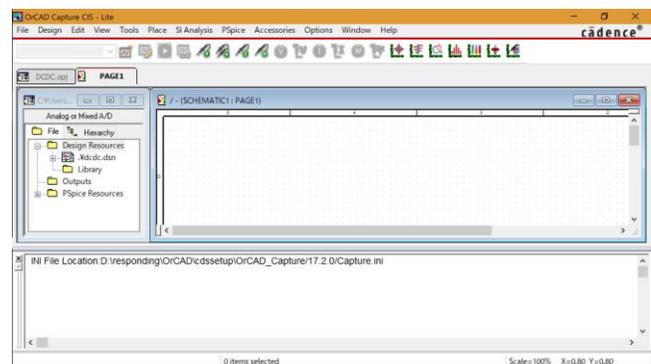


Figure 10. Display of project in the initial state

Add the SPICE models and the symbol groups. To add a symbol group, right-click [Library] on the left of the window and select [Add File] (Figure 11).

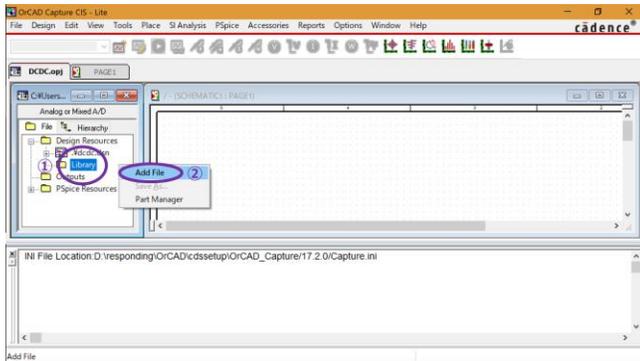


Figure 11. Adding a file to the library

In the dialog box, select a displayed symbol file (with the extension .olb) and press the [Open] button. Then, the symbol group is registered to the library (Figure 12).

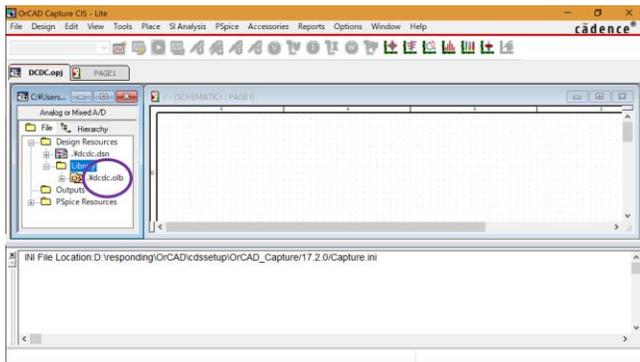


Figure 12. Window when the registration to the library is completed

When you have created a new symbol, associate a SPICE model with the symbol. Click [+] on the left of the registered symbol group in Figure 12, right-click on the symbol to be used, and click [Associate PSpice Model...] (Figure 13).

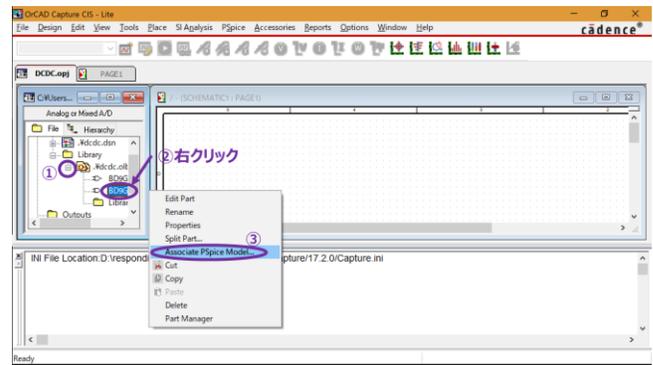


Figure 13. Associating a SPICE model with a symbol

If a previous symbol has already been used, a warning message is displayed indicating that the pin assignment has previously been made. To register a new symbol, press the [Yes] button. The model import dialog box is displayed (Figure 14).

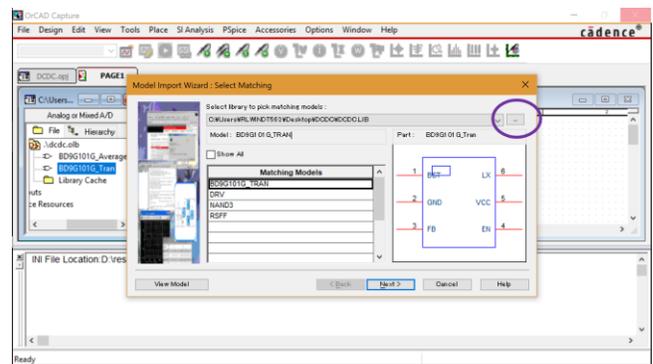


Figure 14. Model import dialog box

Select [...] on the upper right of the dialog box. When a new dialog box is displayed, select a SPICE model file and press the [Open] button (Figures 14 and 15).

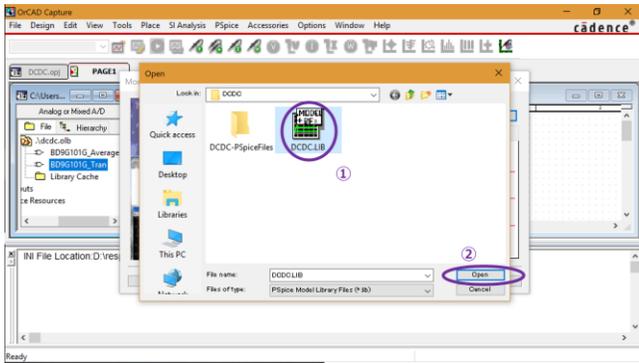


Figure 15. Window for model selection

From the list of available SPICE models, select a model to be used and press the [Next] button (Figure 16).

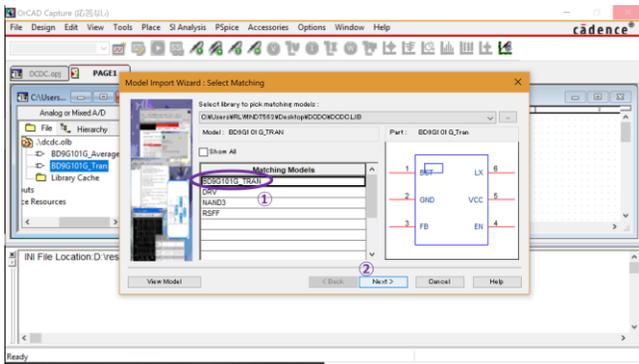


Figure 16. Selection of a model to be used

Make the pin assignment of the SPICE model and the symbol. Select from the list box under [Symbol Pin] to make the assignment. Assign the pin with the same name (Figure 17).

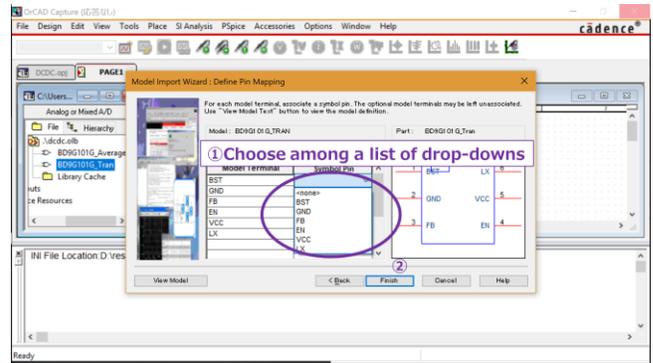


Figure 17. Pin assignment

After all pin assignments have been completed, press the [Finish] button and then press the [OK] button in the displayed dialog box (Figure 18).

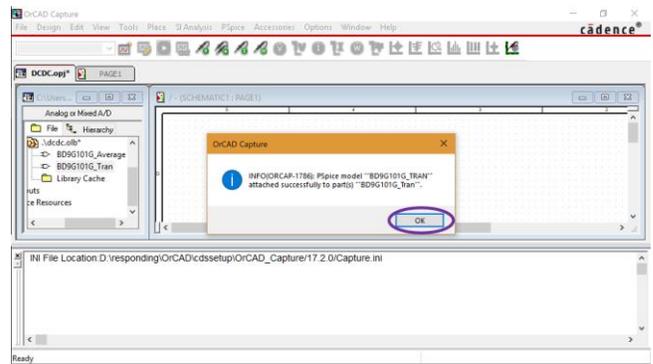


Figure 18. Notification of completed registration

The parameters of some SPICE models for DC/DC have been set because the simulation time can be shortened, among other reasons. The initial values of the parameters have been determined and special settings are not necessary. If you change the setting values from the initial values, refer to “Appendix: Advantages and method of setting the parameters for the SPICE models”.

4.1.2 When using other simulators

When considering SPICE models for use in other simulating environments, the SPICE models obtained as described in Chapter 3 cannot be used since they are encrypted for PSpice. Please contact us if you need general-purpose SPICE models.

4.2 Configuration of elements for simulations

To keep this chapter applicable to all the simulators, the methods for inserting or wiring elements that depend on individual simulators are not described in this chapter. In addition, the symbols used here are of general purpose.

Configure the IC and the passive and active elements to be used. Main elements required for the DC/DC simulations are the passive elements (resistor and capacitor, inductor) and the active elements (constant voltage source, PWL voltage source, constant current source, PWL current source, and ground).

A simple example is shown below (Figure 19).

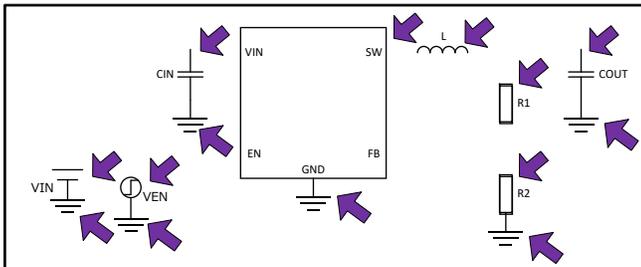


Figure 19. State where the IC and the passive and active elements have been configured

4.3 Connection of circuit diagram

Connect the IC and the elements once their configuration is completed. The IC and each element have pins, and every pin must be either connected or terminated. When a pin is open, it may cause an unintended operation.

The result of making the connections in Figure 19 is shown below (Figure 20).

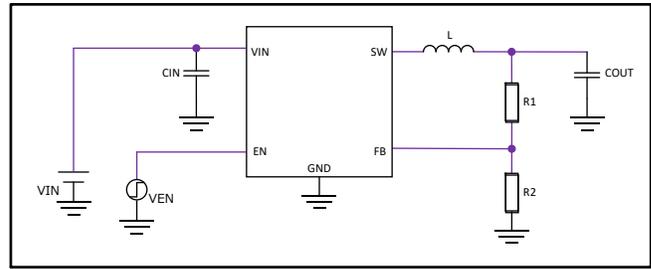


Figure 20. State where the connections have been made

4.4 Entry of various properties

For the transient analyses where rise signals are input into EN, connect a PWL voltage source that can create PWL signals on the EN pin of the IC. The voltage of PWL voltage source can be set for each point of time without restriction. Accordingly, when using a PWL voltage source, set the voltage required at a specified time, for example, 5 V at 10 μ s. In the next example, the output of 5 V is produced from the input of 12 V. Capacitors of 10 μ F are connected with the input and output in order to input the rise signals into EN (Figure 21).

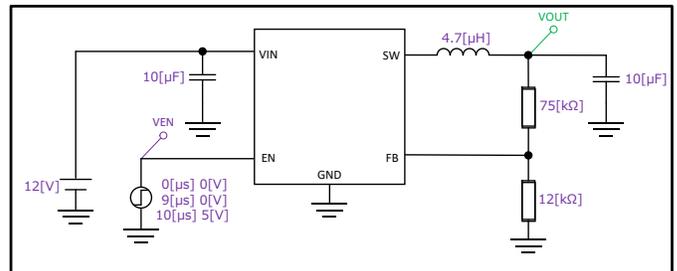


Figure 21. State where the property settings are completed

5. Simulation

Although methods vary with individual simulators, results are mainly obtained by executing (running) the transient analyses. If the configuration and connections have been properly made and the property setting values for each element are correct, the following results should be obtained. When VEN rises, VOUT starts rising generally with a delay and remains constant after reaching the set voltage (Figure 22).

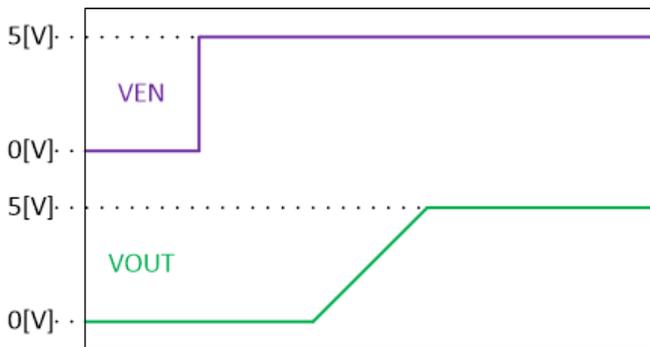


Figure 22. Example of a startup waveform by EN

For other characteristics, refer to the modeling reports that are enclosed with the SPICE models.

Appendix

Advantages and method of setting the parameters for the SPICE models

There are the following advantages of setting the parameters for the SPICE models for DC/DC.

- The simulation time can be reduced by shortening the soft starting time to decrease the total starting time.
- The precision of the frequency characteristics can be improved by matching the parameters for the input and output voltage conditions and the inductor value with the input and output voltage values and the external inductor value of the simulation.

The setting requires close attention since an operation that does not correspond to the actual equipment may be displayed if the set parameters deviate from those used by the actual equipment. The following description explains the setting method using an example of a SPICE model for which a parameter has been set.

First, when you open a SPICE model with a text editor, "PARAMS:", written near the line including .subckt, indicates that a parameter has been set (Figure A). In Figure A, SoftStartRatio is set to 1.0. You cannot add a new parameter by registering a parameter name other than those listed. Please contact us if you need a new parameter.

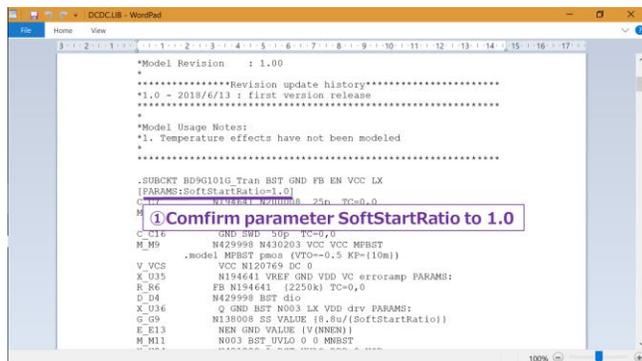


Figure A. How to confirm whether or not a parameter has been set

After confirming the parameter has been set, you can reduce the workload by arranging the symbol to be used to change the parameter setting. Right-click on the symbol to be set in the library and click [Edit Part] (Figure B).

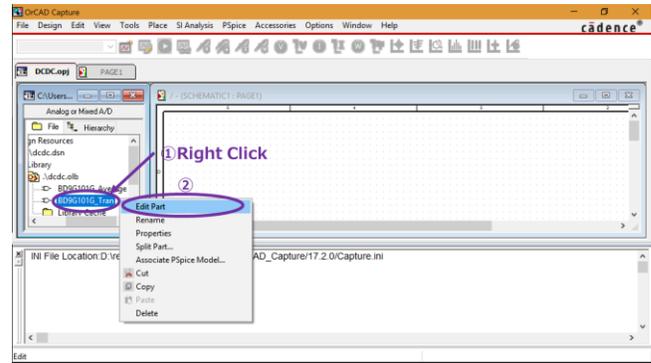


Figure B. How to open the symbol edit window

The symbol edit window is displayed. Register the parameter as no parameter is registered in the initial state. Double-click a location in the edit window where nothing is configured (Figure C).

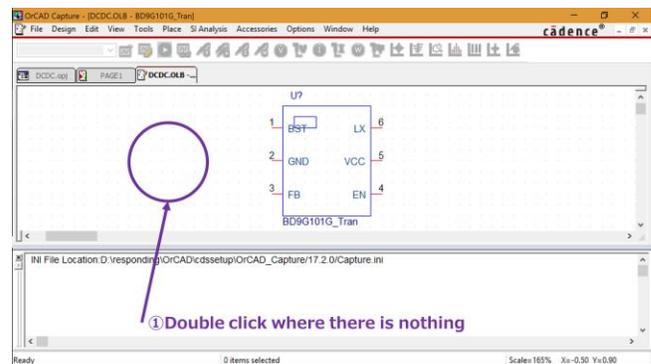


Figure C. How to display the properties dialog box

A new User Properties dialog box is displayed. Click the [New] button on the right side of the dialog box (Figure D).

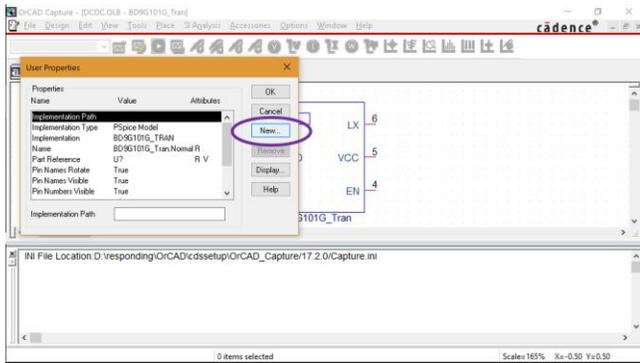


Figure D. Creating a new parameter

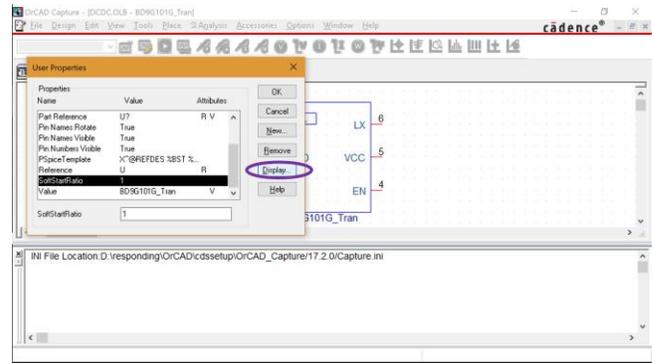


Figure F. Display of the user properties

A new properties dialog box is newly displayed. Enter the parameter name that has been confirmed in Figure A (“SoftStartRatio” in this example) into the Name field, and the initial value of the parameter in Figure A (1.0 in this example) into the Value field (Figure E).

A new Display Properties dialog box is displayed. Select [Name and Value] and click the [OK] button (Figure G). This procedure allows you to change the parameter [SoftStartRatio] from the circuit diagram as well.

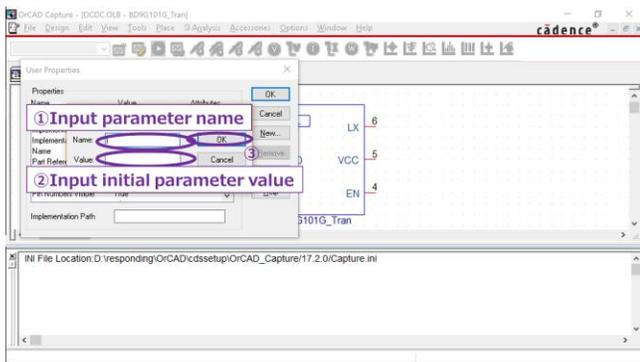


Figure E. Setting of the initial parameters

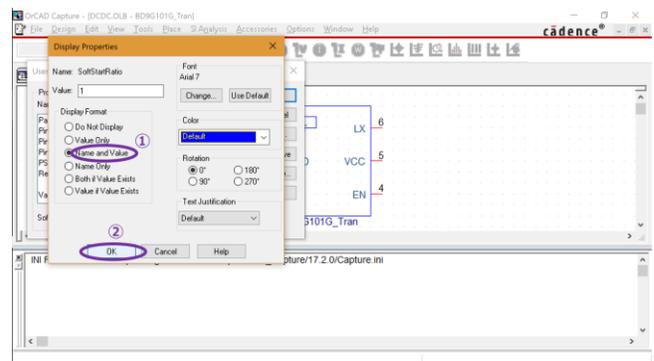


Figure G. Display setting of the parameter properties

Next, it is convenient if you set the parameter to be displayed together with the symbol when the symbol is configured in the circuit diagram. You can change the parameter simply by double-clicking the displayed parameter. Here we describe the procedure to perform such display setting. In the User Properties dialog box, select the line including [SoftStartRatio], which is the name to be used, and click [Display] on the right side of the dialog box (Figure F).

Return to the original User Properties dialog box, and associate the parameter [SoftStartRatio] with the SPICE model. Click the line including [PspiceTemplate] for the property [Name]. The value is displayed as text in the lower part of the dialog box. Replace “@MODEL” at the end of the text with “@MODEL[space]PARAMS:[parameter name=@parameter name]”. In this example, replace

```
X^@REFDES %BST %GND %FB %EN %VCC %LX @MODEL
```

with

```
X^@REFDES %BST %GND %FB %EN %VCC %LX @MODEL
PARAMS:[SoftStartRatio=@SoftStartRatio].
```

Finally, press the [OK] button and then save the symbol (Figure H). The parameter is successfully set if the parameter is displayed when the IC symbol is added to the circuit diagram.

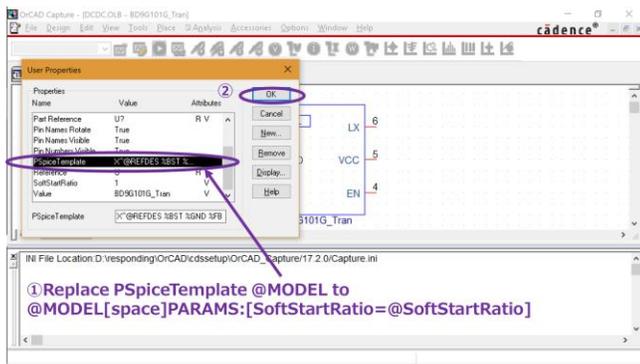


Figure H. Declaration of the use of the parameter

Notes

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